

STANDARD HEALTH CARE PLAN (SHCP) ASTHMA

Child name:		Birth date:	
School/child care facility name:		Grade:	
MedicAlert™ bracelet worn ?	YES NO		
Parent/guardian name:		Daytime Ph#:	
Home Ph#:	Cell #:	Work Ph#:	
Parent/guardian name:		Daytime Ph#:	
Home Ph#: Cell #:		Work Ph#:	
Alternate emergency contact name:		Daytime Ph#:	
Home Ph#:	Cell #:	Work Ph#:	
Allergist:		Phone #:	
Pediatrician/Family doctor:		Phone #:	
List items that most commonly trigger your child's asthma (e.g., viral infections, dust, mold, perfume):			
What <u>reliever medication</u> has been prescribed for your child? (CHECK ONE)	☐ Salbutamol (e.g., Ventolin®, No ☐ Budesonide (e.g. Symbicort®)	ovo-Salmol®)	
How many puffs of <u>reliever</u> <u>medication</u> are prescribed for an asthma episode? (CHECK ONE)	1 puff 2 puffs	1 or 2 puffs other	
Where does your child carry his/her reliever medication (CHECK ONE)	fanny pack backpack	purse other	
YOUR CHILD SHOULD BRING RELIEVER MEDICATION TO SCHOOL IN CASE HE/SHE HAS AN ASTHMA EPISODE. CIRCLE the type of medication device your child uses for his/her reliever medication:			
Metered dose inhaler (MDI) MDI with aerochambe	MDI with	Turbuhaler other	
Does your child need help when using reliever medication? Yes What kind of help? No			



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The following procedures will be followed if your child experiences an asthma episode at school.

IF YOU SEE THIS:	DO THIS:
Symptoms of an asthma episode	Remove the child from any triggers of asthma.
• Coughing	2. Ensure the child takes reliever medication (blue cap).
Wheezing	3. Encourage slow deep breathing.
• Chest tightness	4. Monitor the child for improvement of asthma symptoms. Relief
Shortness of breath	from asthma symptoms should occur within minutes of taking
 Increase in rate of breathing 	reliever medication.
Emergency Situations	
Reliever medication has been given and there is no	1. Activate 911/EMS.
improvement of asthma symptoms in five minutes	2. Give reliever medication every five minutes. An exception to this
Greyish/bluish color in lips and nail beds	is Symbicort® which should only be given twice.
Inability to speak in full sentences	3. Contact the child's parent/guardian.
Heaving of the chest or chest sucking inward	4. Stay with the child until EMS personnel arrives. Provide information to EMS personnel including:
Shoulders held high, tight neck muscles	information to EMS personnel including:
 Cannot stop coughing 	Symptoms of asthma observed Modigation and dose given
Difficulty walking	Medication and dose given When medication was given.
If asthma symptoms are severe, the child may NOT	When medication was given Effect of medication on shild.
be wheezing as there is not enough air moving in the lungs to generate a wheeze.	Effect of medication on child.
	activities
I have reviewed the above plan for my child, and I pro	ovide consent to this plan on behalf of my child:
Parent/guardian signature:	
I have reviewed the above plan and information proving response plan for this child:	ided to me, and in my opinion, this is an appropriate
Nurse signature:	Date:
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